



**Direct To Consumer (DTC) Authorization
Guidelines**

Direct to Consumer (DTC) Authorization – Guidelines

A DTC Authorization allows approved Canadian beverage alcohol producers to sell and ship their products **directly to consumers in Newfoundland and Labrador (NL)**. This program is available only to producers located in **reciprocating jurisdictions** (provinces or territories that have signed a DTC operational agreement with NL).

Guidelines

Authorizations and Licences

- All producers of beverage alcohol shall receive authorization from the NLC to sell and deliver beverage alcohol directly to a consumer prior to commencing DTC sales in NL.
- An authorization issued by the NLC shall be in writing and have a unique number.
- The authorized producer shall be in good standing with the Federal and Provincial governments (Regulators).

Products and Pricing

- The product categories of beverage alcohol that producers can sell and deliver in the province will be approved by NLC and may include:
 - Spirits;
 - Wine;
 - Beer; and
 - Ready to Drink (RTD) (including Cider).
- Products shall be compliant with federal labelling and packaging laws.
- Products shall be listed and approved by the home jurisdiction.
- Product prices, including bottle deposit and HST, shall not be lower than NLC's social reference price, excluding shipping costs. The applicable retail prices are:

Social Reference Prices: Minimum Retail Price per Litre

Category	Alcohol Content	Minimum Retail Price per Litre
Spirits	Below 35%	\$25.53
	35.0% to 45.0%	\$34.47
	45.1% to 59.9%	\$42.83
	60.0% and above	\$51.36
Wine	Below 15%	\$12.60
	15.0% and above	\$14.57
Ready-to-Drink	Below 7%	\$7.01
	7% and above	\$8.71
Beer	0.6% to 8.5%	\$5.01
	8.51% and above	\$8.64

- Producers shall include and collect the applicable NLC mark-up on the product price, excluding shipping costs, container deposits and HST. The applicable mark-up rates are:
 - Spirits – 30% of the price
 - Wine – 25% of the price
 - RTD & Cider – 25% of the price
 - Beer – 20% of the price
- Producers shall collect container deposits as set by the Waste Management Regulations, 2003. These deposits can be obtained in the quarterly reports template.

Reports

- All holders of a DTC Authorization shall submit quarterly financial reports and make any applicable payments to the NLC on a quarterly basis. This includes a NIL report if a producer has not made any sales in that quarter. Payments include NLC mark-up and container deposit.
- Authorized producers shall use the NLC reporting template to report DTC sales.
- The following table outlines the quarterly reporting and payment schedule. Reports shall be submitted prior to or on the same day as payment.

Quarterly Reporting and Payment Schedule		
Reporting Quarter	Period Covered	Report and Payment Due
Q1	January 1 – March 31	April 20
Q2	April 1 – June 30	July 20
Q3	July 1 – September 30	October 20
Q4	October 1 – December 31	January 20

- NLC may request additional information for compliance or audit purposes.
- The NLC may share information with a reciprocating jurisdiction where necessary for the administration and enforcement of the Liquor Control Act (Act), the Liquor Licensing Regulations or DTC operational agreements.
- Reports shall be submitted using NLC DTC Templates only. All reports must be submitted by email to DTC@nliquor.com.
- Payments shall be made via electronic funds transfer (EFT) to NLC (EFT information will be provided once authorized).
- Authorized producers shall meet all reporting and remittance requirements set out in their NLC Authorization to remain in good standing and continue participating in the program.
- If payments are not submitted on time, producers may be subject to interest for late payments.
- For questions about program requirements, the authorization and reporting, please email DTC@nliquor.com.

Terms and Conditions

- **Valid Licences.** NLC authorized producers may only sell eligible products that are both manufactured in their jurisdiction by the authorized producer and permitted for sale under their licence in their jurisdiction.
- **Personal Use Only.** These products shall be sold and delivered directly to consumers in NL, for personal use only. Products shall not be sold for resale or commercial use.
- **Prohibition.**
 - *Minors.* Producers shall not sell or deliver alcohol to minors (under 19 years). Age verification shall occur at the time of delivery, and the recipient shall present a valid government issued identification upon request.
 - *Interdicted or intoxicated.* Producers shall not sell or deliver alcohol to an interdicted person under the Act, or to a person who appears intoxicated.
 - *Unattended.* Alcohol shall not be left unattended on a doorstep, in a mailbox, parcel locker or other unsecured location.
 - *Prohibited Areas.* Producers shall not sell, ship, transport or deliver, directly or indirectly, alcohol into a prohibited area. The producer is responsible for ensuring that all shipments comply with restrictions applicable to prohibited communities within the province.
- **Reports and Mark-Ups.** The report and mark-up required by NLC shall be provided within 20 days of the period following the period reported in the return to avoid interest charges.
- **Changes.** Producers shall report any changes to the information originally provided in the authorization application within 30 days.
- **Communication.** Authorized producers will be promoted on nliquor.com for consumer awareness. It is the authorized producer's responsibility to manage orders, payment and delivery with the consumer.
- **Bottle Deposits.** Authorized producers must charge, collect and remit bottle deposits with returns. Authorized producers must inform NLC of any changes to beverage containers used.

Revocation of Authorizations

- The NLC may revoke an authorization in writing where
 - The producer's licence/permit to manufacture and sell alcoholic liquor is revoked, suspended or cancelled by its Province/Territory.
 - There has been a period of inactivity (one year).
 - The producer fails to remit reports and/or payments to NLC by the due date.
 - The supplier fails to comply with, or otherwise contravenes, Provincial legislation.
 - The producer provides false information in the application or reports.
 - The NLC has reasonable cause to revoke the authorization.
 - The producer fails to notify NLC of any changes to information provided in the authorization application within 30 days of the change.

Legislation

Liquor Control Act: <https://www.assembly.nl.ca/legislation/sr/statutes/l18.htm>

Liquor Licensing Regulations: <https://www.assembly.nl.ca/legislation/sr/regulations/rc961162.htm>